

# A new approach for an adaptive forest management planning to improve resilience of beech forests in relation to climate change: The LIFE AFor Climate project

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# WHAT

The AForClimate project, co-funded by the LIFE Program of the European Union in 2015, aims to provide concrete solutions to achieve effective forestry and forest planning in adaptation to climate change in progress

#### THE PROBLEM

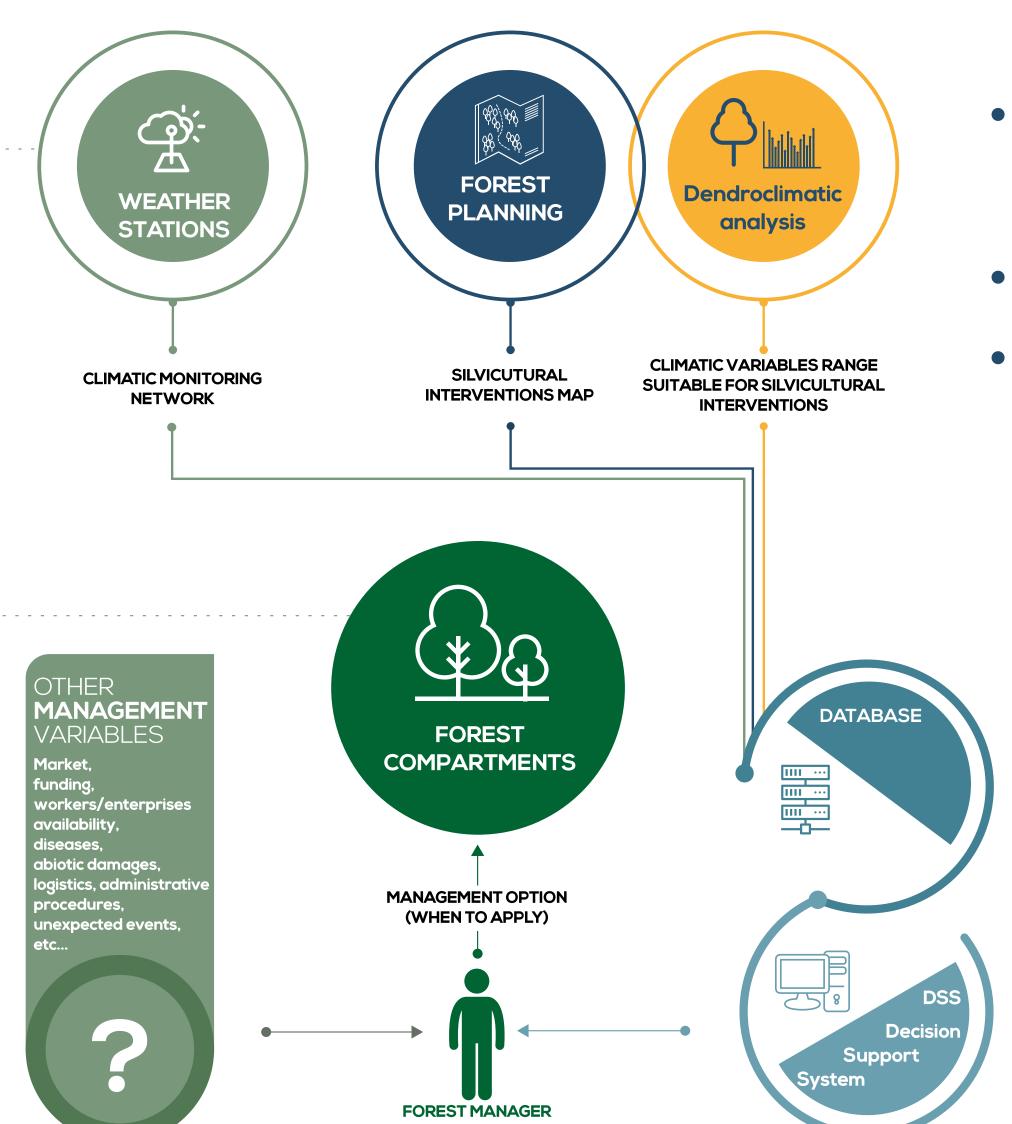
Climatic variables, mainly temperature and rainfall, directly influence the growth of plants. However, the planning of silvicultural interventions is not based on these parameters today. The period in which to use a forest is established, for operational simplicity, hypothesizing an average and constant growth of forest stands, something that does not always have direct results in reality. In an era characterized by climate change the gap between reality and hypothesis may be ever wider. In this context, intervening at the wrong time can be unfavorable for forest stands.

### THE SOLUTION

Knowing the response of trees to climate variability and constantly monitoring variables such as temperature and rainfall, it is possible to intervene only in the high reactivity phases of the forest, where it can better respond to the stress caused by the cut. On this basis, the AForClimate project aims to spread an innovative forest planning and management methodology designed to ensure better adaptation of forests to current climate

# HOW

The method proposed by AForClimate allows to know when certain portions of forest are in a phase of high or low reactivity and consequently suggests the most suitable moments to aply silviculture, based on the management plan.



#### WHAT WE NEED

- A dendroclimatological analysis able to determine thresholds plant growth criticisms based on climatic variables
- A silviculture options map (harvesting map)
- A climate monitoring network with weather stations placed at strategic points of the forest area (different altitudinal belts

#### THE OPERATIONAL TOOL

information described above, merged into a database, is processed by a **decision** support system that can indicate the right moments to intervene in a specific area. This is the **operational tool** that the project will deliver to the forest managers

www.aforclimate.eu

# WHERE

The effectiveness of the method proposed by AForClimate will be demonstrated in the beech forests of three very different geographical areas. A total of 1400 hectares will be planned and demonstrative silvicultural interventions will be carried out on 78 hectares.

species Beech (Fagus sylvatica)

silvicultural options 72 ha of thinning

6 ha of preparatory cutting

demonstration

TOSCANA Mugello

Forest type: Northern-Apennines beech fore Mean altitude: 900 m a.s.l.

Ownership: Public

Municipality: Borgo San Lorenzo (FI)

SICILIA Nebrodi Mountains Forest type: Mediterranean beech forest Mean altitude: 1,450 m a.s.l.

Ownership: Public

Municipality: Militello Rosmarino - Cesarò (ME)

# **WHO**

The project team consists of scientific institutions, forest managers, forest planning and communication experts.

## **PROJECT PARTNERS**



MOLISE

Matese Mountains

Ownership: Public

Forest type: Apennine beech forest

Mean altitude: 1,300 m a.s.l.

Municipality: Roccamandolfi (IS)

Coordinator

Consiglio per la Ricerca in Agricoltura e l'analisi dell'Economia Agraria Viale Santa Margherita 80, Arezzo

## Responsible

Dott. Ugo Chiavetta <u>ugo.chiavetta@crea.gov.it</u>

## Partners responsible for management and planning



Unione Montana dei Comuni del Mugello



Regione Siciliana Government Assessorato Regionale dell'Agricoltura, dello

Sviluppo rurale e della Pesca Mediterranea

Compagnia delle Foreste S.r.l.

## Scientific partners



Università University of Molise DEL MOLISE Centro di ricerca per le Aree Interne e gli Appennini - ArlA



Università University of Palermo - Dipartimento Scienze Agrarie,
DI PALERMO Alimentari e Forestali



Partner responsible for technical implementation



Partner responsible for communicationa and dissemination







newsletter

